ARRANGEMENT OF THE MAILS.

Great Eastern Mail from Baltumore, Philadelphis, York, Boston, &c., and Buffalo, &c., will now be result by a colock, a m., daily; and the Mail to be sent this office, to and by those places, will beclosed a colore, at 4 and 9 colock, p. m., daily.

Southern Mail will be closed bereafter daily at 8 k, a m., and will be closed bereafter daily at 8 k, a m., and will be closed bereafter daily at 8 k, a m., and will be closed bereafter daily at 8 m., and will be closed to the first of believe there in time a second Eastern Mail and Great Western Mail are second Eastern Mail and Great Western Mail are second Eastern Mail, to arrive here by 9 a. m. No Eastern Mail, to arrive here by 9 a. m. No Eastern Mail, to be sent beyond Baltimore, which brings frost Mail, to be sent beyond Baltimore, is made up attrudy night. Norfolk, &c., three times sept Baltimore and places at 9 m. and it is closed every night, except day, at 9 p. m., and it is closed for that place at sums hours.

Mail from Bactimore, Maryland, by 12 m.

Mail from Bactimore, Maryland, by 12 m.

Mail from Rockville, &c., Md., is received Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., is received by 5 pl. meday, and Friday, and it is closed for that place at sums hours.

Mail from Bookville, &c., Md., is received by 5 pl. Wednesday and Saturday, each week, and closed for Wednesday and Saturday, each week, and closed for Wednesday and Friday, and is closed as may as 4 p. m. of Monday and Friday, and is closed same days at 9 p. m. of Monday and Thurs-day.

Maryland, received by 4 p. m., Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., received by 5 p. m., Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., received by 8 p. m., Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., received by 5 p. m., Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., received by 8 p. m., Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., received by 8 p. m., Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., received by 8 p. m., Monday, per Mariboro, &c., M., received Sunday, Tuesday, and Friday, and is closed as me days at 9 p. m. of Monday and Friday, and selective to the selection of Felock, a. m., and will be received, as heretofore, daily by 5 o'clock, p. m.

The second Eastern Mail and Great Western Mail are received by 8 p. m., and closed at 9, p. m., daily. The Mail Frains, north of Philadelphia, are to arrive there in time to connect with the Train for Baltimore, which brings he Great Mail, to arrive here by 9 a. m. No Eastern Mail, to connect with the Great Mail, to arrive here by 9 a. m. No Eastern Mail, it is considered that the Great Mail, to be sent beyond Baltimore, is made up on Saturday night. Norfolk, &c., three timess by Baltimore—Monday, Wednesday, and Friday; four times by Richmond—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. The Mail for Annapolis, Maryland, and Norfolk and adjacent places in Virginia, is closed every night, except Saturday, at 9 p. m., and is received six times a week, with a Mail from Beltimore, Maryland, by 12 m.

The Mail from Georgetown, D. C., is received Worlday, it is closed for that place at the same hours.

The Mail from Rockville, &c., Md., is received Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week, by 6 p. m., and it is closed for that place at the same hours.

The Mail from Bockville, &c., Md., is received by 5 pl. m. of Wednesday, and Saturday, each week, and closed for those places at 9 p. m. of Monday and Thurs-day.

Upper Marlboro, Ac., Md., received by 4 p. m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and is closed Sunday, Thurs-day, and Saturday, and is closed Sunday, Thurs-day, and Saturday, and Saturday, dech week Sunday, Thurs-day, and Saturday, and Saturda

PROSPECTUS OF THE "NATIONAL MON-UMENT,"

A weekly journal to be published in Washington, under the sanction of the Washington National Monument Society.

JAMES C. PICKETT, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Monument Society.

JAMES C. PICKETT, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

The Monument is intended to be alterary, agricultural, and miscellaneous paper. It will contain selections of the literature of the day—the best that can be found in American and English publications: interesting scientific articles, embracing mechanics; foreign and domestic news; a synopsis of the proceedings of Congress, and every thing that such a journal might be expected to contain, with the exception of party politics, which will be at all times most rigorously excluded.

The Monument will be published for the express and the sole purpose of aiding in the erection of the noble solumn now rising on the banks of the Potomac, in honor of the Father of his Country, and which every one who venerates the name of Washinvoro would rejoice to see completed. After deducting out of the subscription the expenses of the journal proposed to be published, the remaining funds will be faithfully applied, and without reserve, to the purpose indicated. The aid, therefore, of all who are willing to contribute to so patriotic an object, and one so entirely national, is carnestly requested. By subscribing to the Monument, a valuable journal at a low price may be obtained, while it will be doing something, at the same time, towards completing that majestic memorial of the Nation's gratitude.

The Board of Managers recommend Mr. Pickett, formerly Fourth Auditor of the Treasury and Charge d'Affairs to Paru, who proposes to edit and publish the Monument journal, as one well qualified to perform the duties of editor, and to conduct the paper faithfully, and satisfactorily to the subscribers. They assure their fellow-citizens that this enterprise is not a speculation got up for individual emolument. Mr. Pickett will make the experiment with his own means and at his own risk; if successful, he will receive nothing more, and he asks nothing more, than a very moderate compensation for his services. Not one dollar, therefore, of the direct subscription to the exection of the Mo

as agents in obtaining subscriptions, thus aiding the great object of our exertions.

As all editors and publishers, on account of the object for which the Monument newspaper will be established, must wish it to succeed, it is hoped that they will contribute to its success by publishing this prospectus.

All moneys will be remitted, and all letters and moneys addressed prepaid, to the general agent of the Monument Society, Hon. Elishs Whittlesey, Washington.

OFFICIER—Millard Fillmore, excellico' President; Arch. Henderson, First Vice President; Walter Lenox, (Mayor of Washington.) Second Vice President; Thos. Carbery, Third Vice President; J. B. H. Smith, Treasurer; Geo. Watterston, Secretary.

Board of Managers—Winfield Scott, N. Towson, Thos. Murroe, W. A. Bradley, P. R. Fendall, Walter Jones, Themas Blagden, Peter Force, W. W. Scaton, M. F. Maury, Terma.—The Monument will be printed on a double-royal sheet—the paper and type being of the best quality—and in quarto form, containing sixteen large pages, that it may be more easily preserved. The price will be two dollars per annum, payable on the receipt of the second number. The nature of the enterprise not admitting of any credit, none can be given.

Societies and clube will be furnished with the Monument

any credit, none can be given.

Societies and clubs will be furnished with the MONUMENT on the following terms: 3 copies for \$5; 5 copies, \$8; 10 sopies, \$15; &c.

Those who are discount.

copies, \$15; te.

Those who are disposed to patronise the Monument are requested to forward their names to the General Agent, without delay. The first number will be published early in May, and the second on the second day of August, and weekly thereafter; time being allowed for the Prospectus to be circulated, and for the agents to make returns. As all subscribers will be contributors to the Monument itself, their names will be published in the paper.

Washington, April 23, 1851.

GODFREY PATTISON, & CO., OF NEW YORK, ODFREY PATTISON, & CO., OF NEW YORK, Lake leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have taken up the importing Business on their own account. For the future they will confine themselves strictly to the Commission Business, for the purchase of dry goods, in Glasgow, Scotland.

From their long experience in the trade, they feel confident that they can promote the interest of those engaged in the importation of dry goods, and they respectfully solicit orders, which shall have their best attention.

The name of the firm in Glasgow is changed to Godfrey Patrison & Co.

Parxison & Co.

The New York firm being dissolved, they will be pleased to receive orders through their agent, James Pattison, No. 21 Pine street, New York. GODFREY PATTISON & Co., Commission Merchants

Agow, Scotland.

Mesars. Dennison, Wood & Co., New York.

Mesars. W. C. Pickersgill & Co., do.

Mesars. Merritt, Ely & Co., do.

Joseph Walker, esq., do.

The subscribers being alone entrusted with samples of cloth and patterns of these goods for the United States market, invite the attention of the trade.

GODFREY PATITISON & Co., Glasgow Office, 81 Pine street, New York.

BOKER, BROS. & JONES, 82 Market street, Philadel-

policies, Bross. 4 Jones, 82 Market street, Philadel phis, invite the attention of the trade to their splen stock of Fancy and Staple BONNETS and HATS, of kinds, purchased for cash in Europe by one of our firm d also an assortment of city and eastern made Boots and one. All of which they offer at very low rates.

THE BEST AND MOST VALUABLE AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY, exhibited at the State Fair in 1850, will be seen by the award of Prebelow: dec to E. Whitman, jr., No. 55 Light street, Balti-ny the Maryland State Agricultural Society, at their ual Fair, held in Baltimore 23d, 24th and 25th of

m,) or the best plough on exhibition, 1st premium or the best Railway Horse Power, Whitman's Im-

For the best Hay Press, let premium
For the best Cornsheller, let premium
For the best Cornsheller, let premium
For the best Cornstalk Cutters and Grinders, let

makers
Super Black Cloths, English, German, and Ams
Super 64 Cashmeretts, Cashmere Cloths, and
Ete Super 6-4 Cashmeretts, Cashmere Cloths, and Drap de Ete 3-4 and 5-4 Summer Cloths and Crape Lustres Black Cassimeres and Boeskins, of "Sedan" and other best makes Fancy Plaid and Striped Cassimeres of new designs do Union Drillings; Zetland and Plymouth Plaids Bleached and Brown Linen Ducks and Fancy Drillings Super French and India Nankins and Coatee Checks Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Farmers' Drills, &c. VESTINGS, &c.—Super Black and Fancy Silk and Satin Vestlags

Duff Cashmere and Cashmerett do Plain White, Fancy, and Buff Marseilles de Silk and Worsted Serges of all widths do Levantine do do Linken Goods.—4-4 Irish Linens, all qualities Richardson's, Barkley's, Grey's, Young's, &c.
3-4 and 4-4 Blay Linens; 4-4 white and brown Hollands Russia Barnesly and Scotch Linen Sheetings, all widths, best makes

Pillow Case Linens; Table Cloths and Napkins
Bleached and Brown Damasks and Diapers, 8-4, 10-4, 12-4 Bird's Eye, Russia and Scotch Diapers and Dowlas Huckaback do and Crash No. 1, 2, 3, and 4, Burlaps
Linen Cambrie Hükfs, of all qualities, Ladies and Gents White Goods of all descriptions
Insertings, Edgings, Linen and Cotton Laces, &c., a large assortment.

DOMESTICS.—3-4, 7-8 and 4-4 Brown and Bleached Mus-

assortment.

DOMESTICS.—3-4, 7-8 and 4-4 Brown and Bleached Mus lins 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 Brown and Bl'd Shirtings

5-4, 6-4, 7-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 Brown and Bl'd Shirtings Maryland and Potomae Bagging 3-4 and 7-8 Cotton Osnaburgs, plain and twilled Bleached, Brown, Blue and Corset Drills Plain, Striped and Plaid Chambrays Bed Tickings, Shirting Strips, Apron Checks, &c. Plaid and Stripe Domestics, best makes.

Plaid Ald Stripe Domestics, best makes.

PANTALOON STUFFS.—Blue Denims, American Nankeens, Checks and Plaids, Rouen Cassimeres, Striped Osnaburgs, Kennebec Tweeds, &c., &c.

The above Domestics were purchased in December last, previous to the rise in Cotton Goods; we are therefore enabled to offer them at prices that cannot fail to please.

mar 24—

C., B. & B.

A New Route to Pittsburg.

VIA THE BALTIMORE, SUSQUEHANNA, AND PENN-SYLVANIA RAILROADS.

THROUGH TO PITTSBURG IN 33 HOURS. An express train of cars will leave Calvert Station daily, with the U. S. Mail from Washington and Baltimore, at 1 p. m., connecting with the Fast Line at Middletown at 1 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg for the West at 2 p., m. arriving at Harrisburg for the West at 2 p., m. arriving at Hallidaysburg at 8 p. m. At this point, passengers have the option of taking either the Cars to Johnstown, thence by Packet Boats, or Stages direct from Hollidaysburg to Pittsburg.

Tickets will be sold to the following points, by this train, to wit: York, Wrightsville, Columbia, Marietta, Middletown, Harrisburg, Newport, Millerstown, Perrysville, Lewistown, MeVeystown, Huntingdon, Hollidaysburg, and Pittsburg.

This train also connects with the Cumberland Valley Railroad, which passes through Carlisle, Shippensburg, Chambersburg, and other points on this road.

For the accommodation of passengers from Washington for any of the above points, the Baggage Master of the Company will be at the Depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company on the arrival of the Morning Cars, at 8 a. m., to receive the Baggage, which will be carried free of charge to Calvert Station.

ROBERT STEWART, mar 24—

To Country Merchants and Booksellers.

C. & J. BIDDLE, No. 6 south Fifth street, publish the following works:

To Country Merchants and Booksellers.

C. & J. BIDDLE, No. 6 south Fifth street, publish
the following works:
Cleveland's Compendium of English Literature.
Harrison on the Rise, Progress, and Present Structure
of the English Language.
Lynd's First Book of Etymology.
Oswald'a Etymological Dictionary.
Fiske's Eschenburg's Manual of Classical Literature.
Fiske's Classical Antiquities.
Outlines of Sacred History.
Trego's Geography of Pennsylvania.
Vogdes's United States Arithmetic.—Key.
Ring's 3000 Exercises in Arithmetic.—Key.
Crittenden's Book Keeping, Counting-house and School editions.

editions.
Vogdes's Mensuration.—Key.
Alsop's First Lessons in Algebra.—Key.
Alsop's Algebra, for High Schools, Academies and Colleges.—Key.
Gummeres' Astronomy, fourth edition, just published.
Monge's Statistics; translated from the French, by
Woods Baker, A. M., of the United States Coast Survey;

ast published.

Maury's Navigation, the text book of the U. S. Navy.

McMurtrie's Scientific Lexicon.

Peale's Graphics. Controllers' Copy Slips.

Hill's Drawing Book of Flowers and Fruit.

Hill's Progressive Lessons in Painting Flowers an

ruit.
L'Abeille pour les Enfans.
Sandford and Merton, in Franch, by Berquin.
The Works of Thomas Dick, I.L. D., 10 vols 12mo, in rarious styles of binding.
Select Speeches of Distinguished American Orators.
Select Speeches of Phillips, Curran, Grattan, and Em-

set. Select Speeches of Chatham, Burke, and Erskine. Aikin's Christian Minstrel. Aikin's Juvenile Minstrel

Dunlap's Book of Forms, second edition, improved.
English Literature of the Nineteenth Century, by Prof.
C. D. Cleveland.
Map of the World as known to the Ancients, 61 by 50 inches—on rollers.
E. C. & J. B.'s stock comprises most of the popular School Text Books, which they offer for sale, at low prices.
mar 24—

School Text Books, which they offer for sale, at low prices. mar 24—

Austin's Magic Freezer,

Through in six minutes. For the preparation of Ice Creams, Water Ices, &c.—Patented September 19, 1848.

THE distinguising merits of this Apparatus are—

1st. The astonishing rapidity of the process, surpassing belief—hence the name.

2d. The Gream during the progress of freezing becomes charged with stmospheric air, by which it nearly doubles in bulk, and obtains that peculiar smoothness, lightness, and delicacy of flavor, for which the Ice Cream of our best Confectioners is so highly prized.

3d. It does not require a tenth part of the labor that the common Freezer does.

4th. It does its work better, producing a better article, in every respect, than by any other mode.

5th. There is a considerable saving in ice, as the tub needs no replemishing during the operation.

The annexed testimonial from the Proprietor of the Butaw House will put to rest all doubt.

"Having witnessed the process of freezing Ice Cream in Austin's Magic Freezer, two quarts of Cream having been frozen in the incredible short time of six minutes, I cheerfully recommend it to the public."

H. F. JACKSON,

Eutaw House, Baltimore, May 15, 1848. I used one of Austin's Patent Ice Cream Freezers of the largest size, (10 gallons), making from 10 to 50 gallons per day during the season; and so far as regards expedition and power, I consider it decidedly the best freezer now in use, as I have had with it no difficulty in making ten gallons of superior quality Ice Cream from five of plain Cream, in thirty minutes from the time I commenced working it.

A. H. BROWN,

Baltimore, April 6, 1851."

Manufactured and for sale by the patentee.

A. H. AUSTIN,

No. 61 N. Eutaw street, near Saratoga.

Also, by CORTLAN & CO., No. 263 Baltimore street.

County and State rights for sale.

MERICAN HOUSE, HANOYER STEERT, BOSTON.

**THE Undersigned having entirely rebuilt and entire in all about three hards.

THE Undersigned having entirely rebuilt and entire in a larged the show extensive establishment, containing in all about three buildred and fifty rooms, would respectfully give notice that it is now ready for the reception and accommodation of the travelling community.

reception and accommodation of the travelling communative.

An extended notice of the unsurpassed conveniences of this House is deemed superfluous, as the numerous line provements which have been made cannot be proposely given in an advertisement. Suffice it to say that no expense has been spared to render any apartment perfect.

The furniture was made expressly to order, regardless of cost, and certain portions of it, especially the Drawling rooms, will be found to be of the most beautiful and tasteful manufacture. The Dining-rooms are capacious, and the hours for meals will be so arranged as to suit the convenience of the early and late.

Every department will be conducted in an unexceptionable manner, and the Proprietor pledges himself that the American House sha libe truly the Traveller's Homemar 24.

THE Faculty of Instruction of this Institution its present organisation, consists of the

A Professorable of Mathematics and Natural Fiboralty,
A Professorable of Chemistry and Natural History,
A Professorable of Chemistry and Natural History,
A Professorable of Civil Engineering,
A Professorable of Modern Languages and Drawing.
The Collegiate year is divided into two sessions or terr
of twenty-one weeks each. The first session commence
on the fourth Wednesday of October; and the second of
the fourth Wednesday of April. Each is followed by
vacation of five weeks. COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

FRESHMAN CLASS.—I. Livy, begun; Xenophon's Anabasis; Algebra, begun; History, begun;

II. Livy, finished; Homer's Odyssey, begun; Algebra, finished; Geometry, begun; History, continued.

III. Horace, begun; Homer's Odyssey, finished; Geometry, five books; History, finished.

JUNIOR CLASS.—I. Tactius, begun; The Prometheus of Eschylus and Electra of Sophocles; Analytical Geometry, finished; Calculus; Natural Theology; Evidences of Christianity.

begun.
III. Moral Philosophy; Plato's Gorgias; The Captive of Plautus; Mechanics, Hydrostatics, Pneumatics, and Meteorology.

of Plautus; Mechanics, Hydrostatics, Pneumatics, and Meteorology.

Sophomer Class.—I. Horace, finished; Xenophon's Memorabilia; Geometry, finished; Rhetoric, begun.

II. Cicero de Amicitia and de Senectute; Herodotus, begun; Plans Trigonometry; Spherical Trigonometry; Rhetoric, continued.

III. Cloero de Officiis; Herodotus, finished; Surveying; Analytical Geometry, begun; Rhetoric, finished.

SENDS CLASS.—I. Political Philosophy; The Andria of Terrence; The Clouds of Aristophanes; Acoustics, Optics, Electricity, Magnetism.

II. Elements of Criticism; Butler's Analogy; Cicero's Tusculan Questions; Demosthenes de Corona; Voltaic Electricity or Galvanism; Electro-Magnetism, Magneto-Electricity, Glectro-Dynamics; Astronomy, begun.

III. The Constitution of the United States; Astronomy, finished; The Science of Heat; Thermo-Electricity; Chemistry and Geology.

PHILOSOPHICAL APPARATUS.

The College is provided with a Philosophical Apparatus

PHILOSOPHICAL APPARATUS.

The College is provided with a Philosophical Apparatus that furnishes ample means of experimental illustration in all the different branches of Natural Philosophy. The sum of three thousand dollars has recently been expended, partly in this country and partly in London and Paris, in the purchase of new apparatus, adapted to the present advanced state of the Physical Sciences.

EXAMINATIONS.

At the close of each study, or branch of study, the members of the class are carefully examined, and, at the close of the year, in all the studies of the year, in the presence of a Committee of the Trustees; and their attainments are communicated to the Board of Trustees.

EXLIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION. RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

In addition to daily morning and evening prayer, divine worship is held twice on every Sunday, and the recitation on Monday morning is always in the Greek Testament. At the request of his parent or guardian, a student is permitted to attend any place of worship which himself or the parent or guardian may select. One member of the Faculty will attend at each of the different places of worship (Presbyterian, Episcopalian, and Methodist) in the village, and note all absentees.

Two at least of the Professors, with their families, will reside in the College buildings, and will board at a common table with the students, who are required to occupy such rooms as may be assigned them by the Faculty.

ADMISSION.

t two dollars per week.
Washing, at the usual rates.
All dues are payable in advance. The tuition is red, on application, to all students designed for the

contains per session, to be paid to the instructor in advance.

For students who do not design to prosecute the whole Course required for a degree, a more limited range of studies is furnished, adapted to the sphere and course of life of each individual, so far as such can be reasonably anticipated.

The studies of this Course are arranged under the following departments, to wit:

1st. A MATHEMATICAL DEPARTMENT—In which, beginning with Arithmetic and Algebra, the student will be carried, scriatim, through all the higher branches of the Mathematics, ending in their application to Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, &c.

2d. An English Department—Comprising instruction orthography, Reading, Elecution, Grammar, Writing.

in Orthography, Reading, Elecution, Grammar, Writing, Geography, History, Composition, Rhetoric, Logic, Intel-lectual Philosophy, Moral Philosophy, Political Grammar, Story on the Constitution, Philosophy, Ornithology, Na-tural Theology, Elements of Criticism, and Evidences of Chieficlarica.

thrai Theology, Remarks and American and Parameter In which will be imparted an acquaintance with all that is necessary to quality youth for the immediate duties of the counting-house, including—

1. Pennmanship—By an original and popular system of the produced and popular system of the produced and popular system of the produced and popular system.

1. Pensmanship—By an original and popular system of this art, which invariably produces a bold, finished hand, peculiarly adapted to the purposes of the accountant and business man.
2. Arithmetic—Comprising numerous abbreviated me-thods of computing Interest, Discount, Equation of Pay-ments, &c., and other mercantile calculations founded on per centage; together with all such operations as are re-quisite for a thorough knowledge of the business of the counting-room.

quiste for a thorough knowledge of the counting-room.

3. Book-keeping—Single and Double Entry, by the most approved methods. A complete course of instruction in this branch will be furnished, designed to fit the student to take charge of any set of account books.

4th. An Agriculturan Department—Comprising a selection from the English and Mathematical courses; and, also, Surveying, Botany, Mineralogy, Geology, Chemistry, and Agricultural Chemistry; the last two illustrated by constraints of the country of the

and Agricultural Chemistry; the last two illustrated by experimental lectures.

5th, A Civil Engineer Department—In which are taught Arithmetic, (mental and written,) Algebra, (mental and written,) Geometry, Trigonometry, Surveying, with the use of instruments in the field, Practical Engi-

neering, Architecture, Perspective, Draughting, and To-pography.
6th. A TEACHER'S DEPARTMENT.—The course of study

6th. A TRAGER'S DEPARTMENT.—The course of study will consist of a judicious selection of subjects from the other departments, including all the branches pursued in our common schools. Practical Lectures will also be given on School Teaching, both as a science and as an art.

Pupils will not only thus receive the fullest instruction relative to the best and most popular methods of teaching, but they will also have opportunities of exemplifying them, by hearing recitations in the lower departments of the Institution.

7th. A DEPARTMENT OF MODERN LANGUAGES—In which he Institution.
7th. A DEPARTMENT OF MODERN LANGUAGES-In which

students who wish to take a thorough course can have an opportunity of doing so; while others, whose object may be to acquire sufficient knowledge to translate with facility, and to pronounce with tolerable correctness, in as short a time as possible, are also provided for.

. Newark Academy.

Newark Academy.

By a late re-organization of this department of Delaware College, the Board of Trustees have taken measures to place it upon a new and improved foundation, and to endow it with advantages possessed by few similar institutions in the country. The Academy, heretofore merged in the College, and of course subjected to all the evils which have been found to attend the smalgamation of the two departments in the same building, and under the same government, now enjoys the privilege of a separate establishment, without losing those which result from its relation to the College proper.

A large and elegant edition, with all the necessary fixtures of a complete bourding establishment, has been crected and furnished, in which the students of the Academy board, under the immediate charge of the Principal and his Assistants; and all its exercises are conducted on a system of its own, uninterrupted by the interests or operations of the other department. The furniture of the study-rooms and dormitories has been chosen with peculiar reference to comfort and convenience for study; and no expense has been spared in providing the apparatus necessary to render the means of instruction complete; giving to Newark Academy facilities for private study and comfortable accommodation of students, fully equal to those afforded by many of our colleges.

From its intimate relation to the College, students of the Academy enjoy many advantages not generally obtained at institutions of this kind. Those who wish to pursue some particular branch which falls more properly within the College course, may be admitted to recite in any of the College clusses. Students also of proper age and discretion, by recommendation of the Principal, and permission of the Faculty, may enjoy the use of the College laborar, without additional charge. Admission also may be had to the Lectures, and such other privileges of the College as can be profitably enjoyed by academical students.

the College as can be profitably enjoyed by academical students.

The charge for Boarding, Washing, Fuel, Light, &c., with tuition in the English, Latin, and Greek, is seventy dollars for the Summer Session, and seventy-five for the Winter Session. The only extras are one dollar per session for incidental expenses, and a fee of eight dollars for Modern Languages, and a fee of five dollars for Drawing, from those who enter these classes. The sessions and vacations of the Preparatory Department are the same as those of the College.

Rev. MATTHEW MEIGS, A. M.,

Rev. MATTHEW MEIGS, A. M., President of Delaware College.

form healthfulness of the location may be inferred from the fact that, since the establishment of the School, about twenty-eight years, very few cases of serious indisposition have occurred among the pupils, and not a single death either here, or from diseases contracted while here.

The course of instruction includes, besides the ordinary English branches, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Physiology, History, Rhetoric, the various branches of Mathematics, and the Latin, Greek, and French languagos. Particular attention is paid to the higher Mathematics and their application to Mechanics and Engineering; the latter and Surveying are taught practically by field operations, with the use of appropriate instruments. Lectures on Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, in which all the important principles are illustrated by experiments, are regularly delivered before the students.

As the object is to make the instruction as thorough and practical as possible, no expense has been spared in providing suitable apparatus. It is believed that, in this respect, the Institution will compare favorably with any similar one in the country. A carefully selected library, of more than one thousand volumes, containing works on the various branches of Iderature and Science, furnishes ample reading matter; while a Laboratory, fully supplied with apparatus and tests, contains all that is necessary for practical instruction in Chemical Manipulation.

The school year commenced on the third Second-day (Monday) of the Ninth month, (September,) and is divided into four quarters of eleven weeks each, leaving a vacation of two months, from about the middle of the Seventh month (July).

MORE HOME EVIDENCE.

MORE HOME EVIDENCE.

THE TESTIMONY OF ONE OF OUR LAWYERS.—
Mr. JAS. L. HAMILTON—DEAR Sur. Although the number and respectability of the testimonials of which you are already in possession, as to the efficacy of your Medicine, "THE GREAT VA. REMEDY," in the diseases which it is designed to cure, are sufficient, in my opinion, to establish its reputation, and secure for it such patronage as will adequately reward you for the discovery of so inestimable a Medicine—yet the great benefit which I have derived from its use, and the salutary effects which I have witnessed from its employment in the cases of soveral friends, to whom I had recommended it, constrain me to contribute, for such use as you may think proper to make of it, this formal acknowledgment of its sanitary virtues. My own case was Dyspepsia of long duration, and very aggravated in its character, manifested by an almost total destruction of the digestive functions, great debility, nervousness, emaciation, and impaired appetite, with pain, and a burning sensation in the left side of the chest, palpitation of the heart, vertigo and congestion in the head, and many other symptoms indicative of the worst type of the disease, by the use of three or four bottles of your preparation, been entirely relieved. The cases of my friends, in which your Medicine was taken, were Dyspepsia, Chronic Headache, and Sore Throat, in all of which it proved efficacious, after the trial of a vast number of other remedies without benefit. Your medicine is as pleasant to the taste as a cordial, and in my experience corrects all derangement of the stomach, restores the wasted or enfeebled energies of the digestive organs, and imparts strength and reanimation to the whole system.

Very respectfully, yours, &c.,

J. HOWARD GRIFFITH,

Marshall Buildings,

Baltimore, Aug. 24th, 1850.

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Washington Cirry, April 20, 1849.

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